| Strand | Yr4 | Yr5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER: Number and place value |  |  |
| Counting | count in multiples of $6,7,9,25$ and 1000 find 1000 more or less than a given number count backwards through zero to include negative numbers | count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000 ; <br> count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero |
| Read and write numbers | read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value | read and write numbers to at least 1000000 <br> read Roman numerals to $1000(\mathrm{M})$ and recognise years written in Roman numerals |
| Comparing and ordering numbers | order and compare numbers beyond 1000 | order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit; <br> interpret negative numbers in context |
| Place value (see also frac, dec \& \%) | recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) |  |
| Identify, rep, est \& round | identify, rep and est numbers using different representations round any number to the nearest 10,100 or 1000 | round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest $10,100,1000,10000$ and 100000 |
| Solve problems | solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers | solve no. problems \& practical problems that involve all of the above |
| NUMBER: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division |  |  |
| Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division | add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate <br> use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers <br> multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout | add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers <br> add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts multiply \& divide whole numbers \& those involving decimals by $10,100 \& 1000$ multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1- or 2-digit no. using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2-digit numbers divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context |
| Derive and recall + -x $\div$ | recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$ |  |
| Prime numbers and factors | recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations | identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers; <br> know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers; <br> establish whether a number up to 100 is prime \& recall prime numbers to 19 ; recognise \& use square nos. \& cube nos, \& the notation $\left(^{2}\right) \&\left(^{3}\right)$ |
| Solving problems | solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why; solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder; correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects | solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why; solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes; solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign (also see RATIO AND PROPORTION) |
| Checking | estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation | use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy |
| NUMBER: Fractions (including decimals and percentages) |  |  |
| Recognise and find fractions |  | recognise mixed numbers \& imp fractions \& convert from one to the other recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred" |
| Count, compare and order <br> Place value and rounding | count up \& down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred \& dividing tenths by ten; compare numbers with the same number of dp up to two dp; find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths; round decimals with one $d p$ to the nearest whole number | compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number <br> read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. $0.71=71 / 100$ ) read, write, order \& compare numbers with up to three decimal places round decimals with 2 dp to the nearest whole number and to 1 dp |
| Equivalence | recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions; recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths; recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 4,1 / 2$ and $3 / 4$ | identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths; recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents; <br> write percentages as a fraction with denominator $100, \&$ as a decimal |
| Calculating | add and subtract fractions with the same denominator | add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number; <br> write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed no. (eg $2 / 5+4 / 5=6 / 5=11 / 5$ ); multiply proper fractions \& mixed nos by whole numbers (diagrams to support) |
| Solve problems | solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number; <br> solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places | solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <br> solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 |


| Strand | Yr4 | Yr5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER: Ratio and Proportion |  |  |
|  | solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates |  |
| MEASUREMENT |  |  |
| Estimate, measure, weigh, compare and convert units | convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute) <br> estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence | convert between different units of metric measure (e.g. km \& m; cm \& $\mathrm{m} ; \mathrm{cm} \& \mathrm{~mm} ; \mathrm{g} \& \mathrm{~kg}$; litre and millilitre) <br> understand and use equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints <br> use all 4 operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling |
| Perimeter, area, volume and capacity | measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres <br> find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares | measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres <br> calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes estimate volume (e.g. using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)) and capacity (e.g. using water) |
| Money |  |  |
| Time | read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks <br> solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days | solve problems involving converting between units of time |
| GEOMETRY: Properties of shapes; position and direction |  |  |
| Properties of shapes | compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes <br> identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size <br> identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations <br> complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry | identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations <br> know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles <br> draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) <br> identify: - angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ) <br> - angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) <br> - other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ <br> use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles <br> distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles |
| Position, direction, motion | describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down <br> plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon | identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed |
| STATISTICS |  |  |
|  | interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs | solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read \& interpret information in tables, including timetables |


| Strand | Emerging | Meeting Expectations | Exceeding Expectations |
| ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER: Number and place <br> value |  |  |  |
| NUMBER: Addition, <br> Subtraction, Multiplication and <br> Division |  |  |  |
| NUMBER: Fractions (including <br> decimals and percentages) |  |  |  |
| MEASUREMENT |  |  |  |
| GEOMETRY: Properties of <br> shapes; position and direction |  |  |  |
| STATISTICS |  | Y4 emerging; 20 points | Y4 expecting; 21 points |
| Overall exceeding; 22 points |  |  |  |
|  | Y5 emerging; 23 points | Y5 expecting; 24 points | Y5 exceeding; 25 points |

