NYCC - APP Grid Curriculum 2014 Year 1 and 2 (page 1 of 2)

Strand	Yr1	Yr2		
	NUMBER: Number and pl	ace value		
Counting	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward		
	count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens			
Read and write numbers	read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words		
Comparing and ordering	given a number, identify one more and one less	compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs		
numbers	use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least			
Place value (see also fractions, decimals & percentage)		recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)		
Identify, represent, estimate and round	identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line		
Solve problems		use place value and number facts to solve problems		
	NUMBER: Addition, Subtraction, Mult			
Addition,	read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition	add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial		
subtraction,	(+), subtraction (-)and equals (=) signs	representations, and mentally, including:		
multiplication	represent and use number hands and related a literature force. (1)	-a two-digit number and ones		
and division	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	-a two-digit number and tens -two two-digit numbers		
	20	-adding three one-digit numbers		
	add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	adding times one digit numbers		
		show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot		
		calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) signs		
		show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot		
Derive and recall +-x÷		recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100		
		recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers		
Solving problems	solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = \square - 9	solve problems with addition and subtraction:using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measuresapplying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods		
	solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts		
Checking		recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and		
<u> </u>		subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems		
	NUMBER: Fractions (including decim	als and percentages)		
Recognise and find fractions	recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity	recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity		
	recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity	write simple fractions e.g. 1/2 of 6 = 3		
Equivalence		recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and ½		
•		<u> </u>		

NYCC - APP Grid Curriculum 2014 Year 1 and 2 (page 2 of 2)

Strand	Yr1	Yr2					
MEASUREMENT							
Estimate, measure, weigh, compare and convert units	compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (e.g. long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) - mass / weight (e.g. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) - capacity and volume (e.g. full/empty, more than, less than, half. Half full, quarter) - time (e.g. quicker, slower, earlier, later) measure and begin to record the following: - lengths and heights - mass/weight - capacity and volume - time (hours, minutes, seconds)	choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =					
Money	recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of					
		solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change					
Time	sequence events in chronological order using language (e.g. before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening) recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years	compare and sequence intervals of time tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times					
	tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times	know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day					
	GEOMETRY: Properties of shapes; p	osition and direction					
Properties of shapes	recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: - 2-D shapes (e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles) - 3-D shapes (e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres).	identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, (for example a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid) compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects					
Position, direction, motion	describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns	order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)					
	<u>STATISTICS</u>						
		interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects					
		in each category and sorting the categories by quantity ask & answer questions about totalling & comparing categorical data					
	I	The second secon					

Strand	Emerging	Meeting Expectations	Exceeding Expectations
NUMBER: Number & place value			
NUMBER: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication & Division			
NUMBER: Fractions (including decimals and percentages)			
MEASUREMENT			
GEOMETRY: Properties of shapes; position and direction			
STATISTICS			
Overall	Y1 emerging; 11 points	Y1 expecting; 12 points	Y1 exceeding; 13 points
Overall	Y2 emerging; 14 points	Y2 expecting; 15 points	Y2 exceeding; 16 points